Finity and infinity notebook Written by: Jeffrey de vries Jeffrey Koelewijn from Holland

Finity has limits. Infinity is limitless and ongoing.

An example of finity:

A space that is limited like a room or a piece of paper can only hold a certain amount of bricks or digits

An example of infinity:

1, 2, 3, 4, ... ... is in theory infinite.

The dark matter theory of the universe, growing, growing and growing changing finity to a new finity an infinite number of times.

False infinity:

Sonmetimes a number that can't be counted is called infinite but is actually probably finite

Calculators normally display finite when there's to much digits.

## Growing finity:

Finity might hit a wall but that wall can grow an infinite number of times When the "highest" number of finity is found it only takes one digit to create a new finity and maybe finity can grow an infinite number of times

## Ifinity in reality:

If the dark matter theory of an eternity of growth of the universe is treu than the universe can hold at a certain time an finite amount of digits but every time this finite number whil grow an infinite number of times.

Though infinity could be destroyed

For example if the universe or something else that can in theory grow an infinite number of times can be destroyed an infinity can be destroyed.

Treu infinity:

If there's something that can't be destroyed can't be stopped and keeps expanding and growing ongoingly than treu infinity has been found

Finity is all around:

A one liter bottle can only hold one liter of water under normal circumstances.

Finity and infinity can be possible at the same time.

If time could be stopped infinity could change in to finity

And thus also be countable.

If there's something that ongoingly travels back in time to an exact point every given amount of time (ranging between a second or a milion years or more) That might just be another form of infinity